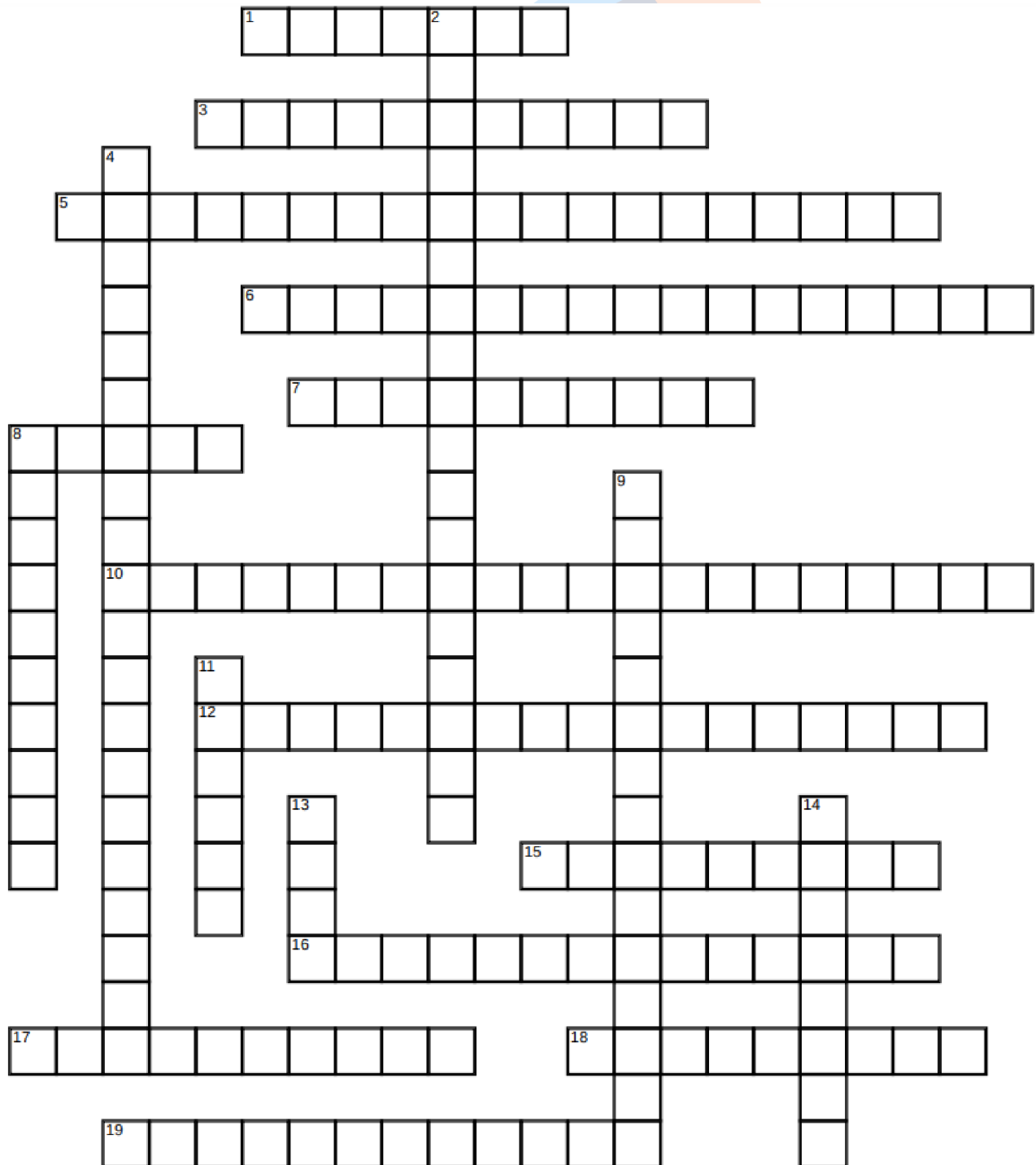


Evidence #1

by Crushendo



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Across

- 1 A faith-based perspective. Can be used to show bias or interest but not honesty or dishonesty.
- 4 The explanation an attorney gives the judge to justify using evidence that the opposing party has objected to.
- 6 General community opinion of character traits.
- 7 Evidence with the purpose of showing someone acted in a specific way at a specific time based on that person's general nature or disposition.
- 8 Formal oppositions to parts of a legal proceeding that affect a party's substantial rights, like protesting the use of inadmissible evidence or inappropriate jury instructions.
- 9 Most often refers to the responses of defendants to criminal charges, like pleading guilty, not guilty, or no contest (nolo contendere).
- 10 Confidential material prepared for litigation, like case notes, plans, and strategies.
- 12 Evidence created using the scientific method under controlled conditions.
- 13 The who, what, when, where, why, how facts of a specific case to which the law is applied.
- 14 An out-of-court assertion offered to prove the truth of the matter asserted.
- 16 Parties in civil legal cases, like plaintiffs and defendants.
- 18 Conveys the rights to compel and confront witnesses, have a fair and speedy criminal trial, and have a defense attorney.
- 19 Possessing probative value of a material fact.
- 20 Being found guilty of, or pleading guilty to, a crime.

Down

- 2 Though testimonial hearsay is normally constitutionally forbidden under the Sixth Amendment Confrontation Clause unless the witness is unavailable and there was prior opportunity and motive for cross-examination, testimonial hearsay can be admitted in criminal cases if someone with personal knowledge that the declarant's assertions are true takes the stand.
- 3 The process of searching out relevant evidence using tools like depositions, interrogatories, plus requests to admit, produce documents, or for physical or mental examination.
- 5 Accurate records made or adopted about an experience while memory was fresh are not inadmissible hearsay if the declarant can no longer remember the experience clearly.
- 11 Sufficient to support a fact or presumption until rebutted.
- 15 When a party voluntarily surrenders a right or opportunity in a legally binding way.
- 17 Witness, judge, arbitrator, mediator, or juror conscious or subconscious favor to, or prejudice against, a party that threatens impartiality.

Answers on
next page.

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